and Cemal Pashas. The story is well told and based in part on recently available materials. Here one meets again those who participated, from near and far, in the great events of August 1914—Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty; Admiral Lord Fisher, First Sea Lord; Admiral Sir Berkeley Milne, Commander of the Mediterranean Fleet, whose competence is much in question; Rear-Admiral Sir Ernest Troubridge, Commanding First Cruiser Squadron, 1914, held responsible for abandoning the chase of the Goeben and Breslau; and Rear-Admiral Wilhelm von Souchon, Commanding the Mittelmeer Division.

The book traces the road to World War I, discusses the organization of the Admiralty, outlines the situation at the outbreak of the great conflict, with particular reference to the position of the Ottoman Empire, the importance of which Churchill and others consistently underestimated. The story of the escape is well related as is that of the court martial of Admiral Troubridge, who was acquitted, but given no subsequent sea command. The author is a Royal Navy «buff», if not a «naval person», who served in World War II as a surgical specialist with the RAF. This well-written, well-researched volume should be widely read by those who are interested in the consequences of The Escape of 'The Goeben', which was, indeed, not only the prelude to Gallipoli, but to much else in the Mediterranean and elsewhere in the years which followed World War I.

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This bibliography, compiled by Abraham Bodurgil of the Near East section Orientalia division, will be both very valuable and useful to the scholar, to the serious student or to the average reader interested in Turkish studies.

The work begins with an editorial preface in which the principles governing the bibliography are explained. This bibliography includes a very full and possibly close-to-exhaustive inventory of many unannotated entries of books and articles in western languages dealing with Kemal Atatürk and with Turkey under his leadership. Excluded from this publication are Turkish-language materials.

There are 1338 entries listed representing 560 books and 778 articles, located in 191 serial publications. The majority of the items listed deal with Turkish politics during the Kemalist era. The Greco-Turkish war (1919-1922), the Lausanne Treaty, and the Straits question are dealt with extensively. However, writings on economics, population, society, religion, culture, education and description and travel are also included.

Entries are arranged alphabetically by author, or by title if no author is listed. No distinction is made in the order of listing for books and periodicals. Each entry is very complete, and there is never any doubt of place of publication and where the articles have appeared. If the entry is found at the Library of Congress, the call number is given.

The bibliography has a very reliable subject and name index. Spot-checking indicates that the index is remarkably free of errors.

The scholars and students of modern Turkish history will find this work indispensable and a very valuable tool of research.

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